ANALYSIS OF BENEFICIARIES SATISFACTION MEASUREMENT AT BAZNAS SCHOLARSHIP AGENCY

Muhammad Fadhil
BAZNAS Scholarship Agency, Jakarta
muhamad.fadil94@gmail.com

Abstract: The service of the Organization must be excellent to give satisfaction to beneficiaries. The National Board of Zakat (BAZNAS) through the BAZNAS Scholarship Institution (LBB) have a program to give a scholarship for Indonesian student in Indonesia, Malaysia, Egypt, and India. To support this program, LBB must have good scholarship management and communication. This study aims to identify satisfaction of communication service and scholarship management from BAZNAS Scholarship Beneficiaries using analysis of reliability, Top-Two Box method, and correlation test using SPSS application for data processing. The data was collected through an online questionnaire. A total of 321 were the research samples. The results of Cronbach’s Alpha test on the questionnaires and data show that the data are reliable in this study (Cronbach’s Alpha value = 0.922). Through the analysis using the Top-Two Box method, prove that LBB has good satisfaction from beneficiaries. The overall value of participant’s satisfaction is 98.18% was the satisfaction of communication service higher than scholarship management. The highest score of satisfaction item is language ability and the lowest score is the punctuality of scholarship distribution. In this research, we analyze the correlation of gender, age, and level of education with the results are 0.525; 0.401; and 0.927. With the high satisfaction results, we hope our Beneficiaries can be a loyal Muzakki in the future.

Keywords: Satisfaction, BAZNAS, Service, Top Two Box

Abstrak: Pelayanan dari suatu organisasi harus bagus agar dapat memberikan kepuasan kepada penerima manfaat. Badan Amil Zakat Nasional (BAZNAS) memalui Lembaga Beasiswa BAZNAS (LBB) memiliki program beasiswa untuk Mahasiswa Indonesia yang ada di Indonesia, Malaysia, Mesir dan India. Untuk mendukung program ini, LBB harus memiliki pengelolaan beasiswa dan komunikasi yang baik. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengidentifikasi pelayanan komunikasi dan pengelolaan beasiswa dari penerima manfaat Lembaga Beasiswa BAZNAS menggunakan analisa realibilitas, metode Top Two Box, dan uji korelasi menggunakan aplikasi SPPS dalam pengolahan datanya. Data-data didapatkan melalui pengisian kuisiner secara daring. Total sampel yang diteliti adalah 321. Hasil dari uji Cronbach Alpha terkait kuisiner dan data menunjukkan bahwa data ini dapat digunakan dalam penelitian ini (nilai Cronbach Alpha = 0,922). Dengan menggunakan metode Top Two Box, membuktikan bahwa LBB telah mendapatkan penilaian kepuasan yang baik dari penerima manfaat. Secara keseluruhan tingkat kepuasan dari penerima manfaat adalah 98.18% dengan kepuasan pelayanan komunikasi lebih tinggi dari pengelolaan beasiswa. Aspek yang mendapat nilai paling tinggi adalah peggunaan tata Bahasa, sedangkan aspek yang mendapat nilai terendah adalah ketepatan waktu pemberian beasiswa. Dalam penelitian ini juga dianalisa korelasi antara jenis kelamin, usia, dan Pendidikan terhadap tingkat kepuasan dengan hasil masing-masing 0.525; 0.401; dan 0.927. Dengan tingginya tingkat kepuasan ini kami berharap para penerima manfaat dapat menjadi Muzaki yang loyal di masa yang akan datang.

Kata Kunci: Kepuasan, BAZNAS, Pelayanan, Top Two Box
A. Introduction

One of the problems every nation in the world is poverty. In Indonesia, we have the same problem. Poverty rate until March 2020 is about 9.8% or more than 26 million people (BPS, 2020). Its increase 1.6 million from September 2019. Pandemic Covid-19 is suspected to be one of the factors in increasing poverty rate. Poverty is one aspect that all of the people in the world concern and include on Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Poverty is caused because people's purchasing power is lower than the established poverty line. The poor usually have limited access, including housing, clothing, lighting, education, health, purchasing power, and transportation. Similar limitations will affect the offspring if there is no effort to open these accesses individually. In some conditions, students from poor families have difficulty paying tuition fees, so that the time that can be optimized for studying is used for other activities such as part-time work. In fact, some students have to leave and drop out of college.

In this case, Islam as *rauhmatan lil alamin* religion has an important role in alleviating poverty through Zakat. Zakat is a specific property that is issued when it has reached the conditions set in accordance with the rules of religion, issued to 8 asnaf recipients of zakat. According to the language the word "zakat" means to grow, develop, fertile or increase. Zakat comes from the form of the word "zaka" which means holy, good, blessing, growing, and growing. It is called zakat, because it contains the hope of obtaining blessings, purifying the soul and nurturing it with various virtues. The meaning of growing in the meaning of zakat shows that issuing zakat as a reason for the growth and development of property, the implementation of zakat results in many rewards. While the holy meaning shows that zakat is to purify the soul from ugliness, falsehood and purification from sins. In the Qur’an it is mentioned, "Take zakat from some of their property, with that zakat you cleanse and purify them" (QS. At-Taubah [9]: 103).

The National Zakat Board (BAZNAS) is an official and the only one formed by the government based on Presidential Decree No. 8 of 2001 which has the task and function of collecting and distributing zakat, infaq and alms (ZIS) at the national level. In 2018, BAZNAS formed the BAZNAS Scholarship Agency which aims to provide scholarship assistance to the poor. The formation and function of BAZNAS Scholarship Agency is in line with the Indonesian Ulama Council (MUI) fatwa Number Kep-120 / MUI / II / 1996 which states that zakat is allowed for scholarships with the following considerations:

1. Academic achievement,
2. Prioritized for the poor,
3. Studying science that is useful for Indonesian people.

Commissioner of BAZNAS, Nana Mintarti, said that BAZNAS has five programs, including education and education sector has a portion of 20-25 percent of the total allocation of funds collected by BAZNAS. She believes that the good quality of education can improve the welfare of the people (Mintarti, "Potrait and Challenge"). The presence of BAZNAS Scholarship Agency has a big mandate, which is to ensure the continuity of education programs for the underprivileged / poor as an inter-generational accountability as well as to prepare the next generation of the nation who has the depth of knowledge and moral dignity. Educational scholarship assistance is not enough to cover tuition fees, but must also be accompanied by programs that encourage the improvement of the quality of human resources. This is in line with one of the targets and functions of zakat distribution, which is to prioritize the improvement of human resources. The program of BAZNAS Scholarship Agency are:

1. **Beasiswa Cendekia BAZNAS (BAZNAS Scholar Scholarship)**
   - This program focused on bachelor degree education. BAZNAS Scholarship Agency has collaboration in Indonesian University and Abroad.
     a. **BAZNAS Scholar Scholarship – Indonesia**
        - In this program, BAZNAS collaborate with more than 80 universities in Indonesia. The things that are required to get this scholarship are the student who are poor and in 5th
In this program, BAZNAS collaborate with Indonesian Ulama Council (MUI) to give scholarship for post graduate. The aim on this program is Region-Cadre MUI. The provide assistance are Tuition Fee a maximum of IDR 4,000,000 and allowance IDR 400,000 each month. Scholarship recipients get this scholarship for 2 years (4 Semesters). In addition, scholarship recipients also receive coaching from a mentor who is appointed directly by the Universities. Coaching form mentor to prepare scholarship grade. The assistance provided are Tuition Fee a maximum of IDR 4,000,000 and allowance IDR 400,000 each month. Scholarship recipients get this scholarship for 2 years (4 Semesters). In addition, scholarship recipients also receive coaching from a mentor who is appointed directly by the Universities. Coaching form mentor to prepare scholarship recipients to be able to contribute to society. These are 3 categories of this program, Young Activist, Young Entrepreneur, and Young Role Models. The Mentor whose chosen by University based on the passion of scholarship recipients. In 2018-2020 period, we have 750 scholarship recipients and in 2020-2022 period, we have 478 scholarship recipients.

b. BAZNAS Scholar Scholarship – Al Bukhary International University, Malaysia
In this program, BAZNAS collaborate with Al Bukhary International University Malaysia. The program gives to high school graduates who are classified as poor. The assistance provided from BAZNAS are Passport Fee, Visa Fee, Registration Fee, Personal Bond, Education Malaysia Global Service (EMGS) Fee (yearly), and also a ticket flight to Malaysia. The assistance provided by Al Bukhary International University are Tuition Fee, Accommodation (Free Hostel) and Meal Allowance. Until now, we have a total 84 scholarship recipients in Malaysia.

c. BAZNAS Scholar Scholarship – Al Azhar University, Egypt
In this program, BAZNAS provide to high school graduates who pass the selection from Ministry of Religion Indonesia. The assistance provided are departure ticket assistance IDR 4,200,000 and allowance IDR 700,000 each month. Scholarship recipients get this scholarship for 2 years (4 Semesters). In addition, BAZNAS collaborate with Indonesian Student Association in Egypt to give coaching to learn about the Arabic language and memorizing the Quran. Total 40 scholarship recipients in Egypt.

d. BAZNAS Scholar Scholarship – Aligarh Muslim University, India
In this program, BAZNAS collaborate with the Superteache Institute to give scholarship for high school graduate who are classified as poor. The assistance provided are departure ticket assistance and allowance IDR 1,000,000 each month. Total 5 scholarship recipients in India.

2. Beasiswa Kaderisasi Seribu Ulama (The Thousand Ulama Cadre Scholarship)
In this program, BAZNAS collaboration with Indonesian Ulama Council (MUI) to give scholarship for post graduate. The aim on this program is a Region-Cadre MUI. The provide assistance are Tuition Fee, Research Fee, Book Assistance, and Exam Fee. In addition, BAZNAS give a coaching for scholarship recipients.

3. Beasiswa Riset Zakat (Zakat Research Scholarship)
This program aims to provide the research of zakat for undergraduate and postgraduate student. The reseach must about Zakat. The cost given for this research are IDR 4,000,000 for undergraduate (S1), IDR 7,000,000 for postgraduate (S2) and IDR 10,000,000 (S3)

4. Beasiswa Kemitraan (Partnership Scholarship)
One of the goals of national education has been explicitly stated in the preamble to the 1945 Constitution, namely to educate the nation's life. One of the efforts to achieve this goal is through programs scholarships, to ensure the continuity of education of the participants to become quality graduates. The current direction of the scholarship needs to be collaborated to achieve a wider impact. Scholarship Institution Apart from distributing scholarships directly to mustahik, BAZNAS also collaborates with several institutions that have expertise in their fields to reach out to groups that also need. BAZNAS collaborate with 4 partners with different specification

a. Hoshizora Foundation Yogyakarta, with the program "Dream Scholarship for State Children - Central and Eastern Indonesia Region "

b. Yayasan Gapai Indonesia Surakarta, with the program "Gapai Scholarship for Children with Special Needs"
c. The Solo Community-Based Rehabilitation Development and Training Center (PPRBM Solo), with the program "Building Difabel and Families with Disabilities Empowered"
d. Bandung Education Concerned Family Association (Kerlip), with the program "Youth Pioneers Kindness From Disadvantaged Areas in Pandeglang"

5. Alumni Development Program
Before BAZNAS Scholarship Agency was formed in 2018, BAZNAS have an education program like Satu Keluarga Satu Sarjana (SKSS) and also The Thousand Cadre of Ulama. Until 2017, BAZNAS has alumni of more than 200 people. To broadcast zakat, BAZNAS empowers alumni to hold workshops and fill office lectures.

6. Event LBB
In addition to scholarship programs, BAZNAS Scholarship Agency also organizes events that showcase the best work of BAZNAS scholarship recipients or Baznas scholarship alumni such as Book Review and Inspiring Talkshow.

7. Voluntary Activities
In contributing to education, BAZNAS also opens opportunities for general students including scholarship recipients to be able to contribute to society such as psychosocial when a disaster occurs and education related to Covid 19.

With all of the program, BAZNAS hope the student who classified as poor or we called Mustahik can turn into Muzakki (People who give Zakat) in the future. To support this program, BAZNAS must have good scholarship management and communication service. Good communication service and scholarship management are expected to increase public trust for Zakat Management also BAZNAS. So, we need to calculate the Satisfaction of Beneficiaries and analyze that. In this research We analyzed satisfaction from 3 program:
a. Beasiswa Cendekia BAZNAS (Baznas Scholar Scholarship)
b. Beasiswa Kaderisasi Seribu Ulama (The Thousand Ulama Cadre Scholarship)
c. Beasiswa Riset Zakat (Zakat Research Scholarship)

B. Theoretical Review
1. Zakat Empowerment
The definition of empowerment according to Mc. Ardle (Hikmat, 2010), is the decision-making process of people who consequently carry out the decisions that have been taken. In the past, zakat was probably mostly socialized with the rich like property owner, entrepreneur, etc. Nowadays the total potential of zakat is getting wide and bigger. This has an impact on management, especially in the aspect of mobilization. One of the concepts that has been carried out by BAZNAS is commonly called productive zakat and consumptive zakat. The Zakat Empowerment is the right solution in alleviating the problem of poverty, education for children of poor families, through educational scholarships for those who do not have access to education. The aim is to improve the quality of human resources and simultaneously encourage those who receive educational scholarships to be productive which is facilitated through training, coaching, mentoring and so on so that they get out of educational inequality (Abu Bakar, 2015).

Qardhawi divides the two objectives of the teachings of zakat, namely the goal for individual life and the goal for social life. The first objective includes purification of the soul from being stingy, developing the nature of giving or giving, developing good morals, healing the heart from excessive love for the world, developing inner wealth and cultivating sympathy and love for fellow humans. In other words, the essence of all these goals is education which aims to enrich the human soul with spiritual values that can elevate human dignity beyond the dignity of objects and eliminate the nature of materialism in humans. The second objective has an impact on societal life at large. In terms of community life, zakat is a part of the social security system in Islam (Qardawi, 2011)
Indonesia is a country with the largest Muslim population in the world. In 2013 the total population of Indonesian Muslims reached 87.21% according to Indonesian Ministry of Religion (2013). It can be ascertained that with the largest Muslim population, Indonesia also has huge zakat potential. Based on Baznas research, Bogor Agricultural Institute (IPB), and the Islamic Development Bank (IDB), the national zakat potential is IDR 217 trillion. So far, Indonesia's zakat collection has only reached about IDR 10 trillion (Center of Strategic Studies – The National Zakat Board, 2020). This data shows that there is still a lot of potential for zakat that needs to be explored. One of the efforts to optimize zakat is education. With good education zakat can grow and provide wider benefits.

There are several factors that can cause less than optimal zakat (Ma'sum, 2015). First, Indonesian people still have low knowledge about zakat, the laws of zakat management, and management institutions of zakat. The second is zakat management institution's act was not active in three aspects, professional management tasks, transparent, and accountable. And the last is amil zakat is chosen by the government in general are retired religious officials and community leaders and official’s active government.

2. Service Quality

According to Joseph Juran, quality is fitness for use, this means that a product or service should match what is needed or expected by the user. Based on another opinion, quality is a subjective assessment of the "customer" this determination is determined by the "customer" perception of products and services. To fulfill customer or beneficiary's satisfaction, organization or company need to improve their service quality. According to Rahmawati, Zain, and Yahya, Analisa Statistik Kepuasan Pelanggan, 1, service quality is fulfillment of customer needs and desires. The requirements on increasing service quality are needs or expectations expressed are usually implied or mandatory.

These are some factors to increase service quality according to Lauw and Kunto, Analisa Pengaruh Kualitas Layanan, 2
a. Reliability, to provide the promised services reliably and accurately.
b. Responsiveness, to help customers and provide services quickly.
c. Assurance, knowledge, manners, and the ability of employees to generate confidence and trust.
d. Empathy, care and attention given to beneficiaries

e. Tangible, the appearance of physical facilities, installed equipment, personnel, and materials. This also applies to zakat institutions which must provide the best service to muzakki and mustahik (beneficiaries).

3. Scholarship Management

Education is a very complex activity. Almost all dimensions of human life are involved in the educational process, there are elements of politics, economic, legal, social, cultural, health, climate, psychological, sociological, ethical, aesthetics etc. Nowadays, education faced four big challenge. First is challenge on increase national productivity, economic distribution, and sustainable development. Other points are about transformation on human resource development, increasing command of Information, Communication and Technology, and neocolonialism on science and technology. But not everyone has access to proper education. The rate of student dropout is high.

To reduce the dropout rate for student, government, foundation, or institution made an effort to give assistance for a student who classified as poor or have a good academic achievement. This assistance needs to help poor people to get a proper education and increase their confidence. In education, motivation is very important. With scholarship, student will get motivation to study. Scholarship always linked by academic achievement. To optimize scholarship program, foundation or institution must pay attention to scholarship management. Enactive that assistance that beneficiaries get is enough, assistance distribution on time, and
requirement to get scholarship is clear are some factors that must be considered to increase quality of scholarship management. In addition, scholarship will give until 75% motivation rate (Asmirawati, *Pengaruh Pemberian Beasiswa*, 63).

4. Customer Satisfaction

Customer satisfaction is the main goal for every service. Customer satisfaction (consumer) can be defined as the ability of a product or service to meet or exceed expectations and desires of consumers. There are two indicators in examining satisfaction namely customer expectations and customer perceptions of a given company. Customer satisfaction is a feeling happy or disappointed someone showed up after comparing between perceptions or impressions of the performance or results of a product and their hopes (Kotler).

In determining the level of customer satisfaction, there are factors that must be considered by the company. These are product quality, service quality, and emotion. Consumer will be satisfied if their review show that the product has a good quality and get a good service.

These are method that can be used to measuring customer satisfaction:

- **a. Complaints and suggestions system**, this information can be a new resolution or idea to improve their product or service
- **b. Ghost Shopping**, hiring several people to act or act as a potential buyer, in social program as a beneficiary, then reports its findings regarding the strengths and weaknesses of the foundation's or competitors-based products their experience in purchasing these products
- **c. Lost Customer Analysis**, foundation or organization must keep contact with their beneficiaries. Lost Customer (Beneficiaries) to give a good performance have a bad impact on the foundation.
- **d. Customer Satisfaction Survey**, foundation or organization make a survey with telephone, interview, or online questionnaire. They will get a response and feedback from beneficiaries.

C. Methods

1. Sampling Population

This research was conducted for BAZNAS Scholarship Program participants who took part in September - October 2020. The primary data used in this study was data obtained from an online survey using google form for all respondents. Selection of respondents using purposive sampling method (nonprobability sampling). Total of beneficiaries of BAZNAS Scholarship Agency of program BAZNAS Scholar Scholarship, The Thousand Cadre of Ulama and Zakat Research Scholarship from 2018 is 1469 people.

2. Determination of variables

Analysis of the calculation of related index with satisfaction to determine the level of beneficiary satisfaction. In getting the satisfaction index customer aspects assessed in the questionnaire in the form of:

- **a. Communication Service**
  1) Provide scholarship program information
  2) Quick response to questions that arise from beneficiaries
  3) Provides answers / solutions to questions that arise from beneficiaries
  4) Data verification with politely not coercion
  5) Administrative completeness is checked carefully
  6) Giving suggestions and advice in providing services
  7) Requests for incomplete administrative documents with good communication
  8) Face-to-face survey or making contact by telephone
  9) In conducting surveys, program managers do it in polite language
  10) Communication with program managers is also carried out when there is a problem with the mustahik.
b. Scholarship Management
   1) Scholarships distribution on time
   2) The coaching program is very helpful
   3) Scholarship requirements can be fulfilled easily
   4) The scholarship form can be filled out easily
   5) Scholarships are accepted according to the amount that is informed
   6) Scholarships are sufficient to meet needs
   7) Coaching is carried out according to the time schedule
   8) There is evidence of assistance / disbursement of funds
   9) Program manager is always accompany during the scholarship period
   10) Customer satisfaction is measured using 19 statement above. Each item using 4 Likert scale levels from very bad to very good.

3. Data Reliability
   The calculation of the reliability value can be calculated with the alpha coefficient value. The alpha coefficient value is used to see the level of data reliability to be used in this study. The coefficient alpha (cronbach's alpha) was calculated with the help of SPSS software.

4. Top-Two Box Analysis
   Top Two Boxes analysis is a method combine the percentage of respondents' answers in Likert scale. Top Two Boxes analysis is used for find out how the comparison between the numbers bottom option (score 1, 2) namely the scale is not very agreeing and disagree with the top option (score 3, 4) or fTi, which is the agree and strongly agree scale. The formula is:
   $$\text{TTB} = \sum \frac{f\text{Ti}}{\text{Total Responden}} \times 100\%$$

5. Correlative Test
   The Correlative test is measurement the correlation of variable with results of satisfaction using SPSS application for data processing. Variable is gender, age, and level of education.

D. Results and Discussion
   In this research, data was collected by online questionnaire. The list of scholarship recipients who filled out the questionnaire is as follows

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Total Beneficiaries</th>
<th>Online Questionnaire</th>
<th>Percentage (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>BAZNAS Scholar Scholarship – Indonesia</td>
<td>1228</td>
<td>221</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>BAZNAS Scholar Scholarship – AIU</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>BAZNAS Scholar Scholarship – Al Azhar</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>53%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>BAZNAS Scholar Scholarship – AMU</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>The Thousand Ulama Cadre Scholarship</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Zakat Research Scholarship</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1469</strong></td>
<td><strong>321</strong></td>
<td><strong>22%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Data Reliability
Before analyzing data, we need to calculate alpha value. The results of Cronbach’s alpha value

![Image](image.png)

Figure 1 Results of Cronbach’s Alpha Value

In this research, these are 19 attributes, based on results of Cronbach’s Alpha Value is 0.922 (Figure 1). The value close to 1.0 point and it shows that questionnaire that used in this research is reliable. So that it has high reliability as a measure of the level of satisfaction of the beneficiaries who are respondents.

2. Satisfaction Level with Top Two Box Method
After getting the Cronbach’s Alpha Value, we analyze Satisfaction with Top-Two Box Method. The results are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Satisfaction</th>
<th>Avg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Provide scholarship program information</td>
<td>99.07%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>Face-to-face survey or making contact by telephone</td>
<td>98.44%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>The scholarship form can be filled out easily</td>
<td>98.75%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>Coaching is carried out according to the</td>
<td>95.64%</td>
<td>97.69%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>time schedule</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>There is evidence of assistance / disbursement of</td>
<td>96.57%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>funds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>Administrative completeness is checked</td>
<td>99.38%</td>
<td>98.29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>carefully</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td>The coaching program is very helpful</td>
<td>99.38%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td>Scholarship requirements can be fulfilled easily</td>
<td>98.75%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td>Scholarships are sufficient to meet needs</td>
<td>95.64%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>Quick response to questions that arise from</td>
<td>99.07%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>beneficiaries</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td>Provides answers / solutions to questions that</td>
<td>99.07%</td>
<td>98.60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>arise from beneficiaries</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
<td>Giving suggestions and advice in providing</td>
<td>99.07%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 1 Factor Attribute Satisfaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Satisfaction</th>
<th>Avg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
<td>Scholarships are accepted according to the amount that is informed</td>
<td>97.20%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Assurance</td>
<td>Requests for incomplete administrative documents with good communication</td>
<td>99.38%</td>
<td>97.72%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td>In conducting surveys, program managers do it in polite language</td>
<td>99.69%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
<td>Scholarships distribution on time</td>
<td>94.08%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Empathy</td>
<td>Data verification with politely not coercion</td>
<td>99.38%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
<td>Communication with program managers is also carried out when there is a problem with the mustahik</td>
<td>98.44%</td>
<td>98.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
<td>Program manager is always accompanying during the scholarship period</td>
<td>98.44%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Average 98.18%

In this result, the overall data of Beneficiaries satisfaction is 98.18%. With satisfaction percentage of Communication Service is higher than Scholarship Management. The highest score of satisfaction item is using polite language in conducting survey. It shows that beneficiaries feel comfort with the language used. The lowest score is punctually of scholarship distribution. This is because BAZNAS has to collect funds first before distributing zakat funds to scholarship recipients. When the collection of zakat funds has problems, there will be a possibility that the scholarships are not given on time. And the Highest Score of Satisfaction factor is Empathy.

3. Correlation Test

From that data above (Table 2) we classify it into 3 classifications. The classification is Gender, Age, and Level of Education.

a. Gender

![Figure 2 Gender Ratio](image)

From this data it can be seen that women who filled out the most online questionnaires were women. An the satisfaction results is described below.

Table 3 Satisfaction Results based on Gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Satisfaction</th>
<th>Dissatisfaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Man</td>
<td>98.67%</td>
<td>1.33%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woman</td>
<td>97.81%</td>
<td>2.19%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In this data, the satisfaction of Man is higher than woman. For correlation test gender with satisfaction level, we used SPSS method for measurement, and the results is described below.
The results of Correlation Test is described below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spearman's rho</th>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Correlation Coefficient</th>
<th>Sig. (2-tailed)</th>
<th>N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gender</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>.036</td>
<td>321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sig. (2-tailed)</td>
<td>.025</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satisfaction_ Level</td>
<td>Correlation Coefficient</td>
<td>.036</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sig. (2-tailed)</td>
<td>.025</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>321</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3 Correlation Test (Gender)

It shows that the value of correlation test is 0.525. The standard used for the correlation test is below 0.05. So there's no correlation about gender and satisfaction.

b. Age

This data shows that Beneficiaries of BAZNAS Scholarship Agency mostly under 25 years old. Because focused on our program is for Bachelor Degree. The satisfaction results is

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Satisfaction</th>
<th>Dissatisfaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18 - 25 years old</td>
<td>98.12%</td>
<td>1.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 - 30 years old</td>
<td>99.56%</td>
<td>0.44%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 30 years old</td>
<td>98.16%</td>
<td>1.84%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The results of Correlation Test is described below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spearman's rho</th>
<th>Years Old</th>
<th>Correlation Coefficient</th>
<th>Sig. (2-tailed)</th>
<th>N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Years Old</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>.047</td>
<td>321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sig. (2-tailed)</td>
<td>.401</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satisfaction_ Level</td>
<td>Correlation Coefficient</td>
<td>.047</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sig. (2-tailed)</td>
<td>.401</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>321</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 5 Correlation Test (Age)

It shows that the value of correlation test is 0.401. So, there's no correlation about age and satisfaction.
c. Level of Education

![Figure 6 Level of Education Ratio](image)

As explained above, most of the BAZNAS Scholarship Agency's beneficiaries are from Bachelor degree. The results of satisfaction is described below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education Level</th>
<th>Satisfaction</th>
<th>Dissatisfaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S1</td>
<td>98.12%</td>
<td>1.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S2</td>
<td>97.37%</td>
<td>2.63%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S3</td>
<td>99.67%</td>
<td>0.33%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The data shows that postgraduate education (S3) have the highest satisfaction level (99.67%). The second-high score is from bachelor degree (S1) and the lowest is postgraduate degree (S2). And the results of Correlation test is

![Figure 7 Correlation Test (Education Level)](image)

It shows that the value of correlation test is 0.927. So, there's no correlation about age and satisfaction.

4. Effect for Zakat

BAZNAS Scholarship Agency's beneficiaries are next future Muzakki (people who give zakat). Now they are still students. However, in the next few years after having a job or business, it is hoped that the recipients of this scholarship will become Muzakki. According to Yuliafitri and Khoiriyah, *Pengaruh Kepuasan Muzakki*, 215, satisfaction level of Muzakki have an impact to Muzakki's Loyalty.
This data shows that zakat will experience growth every year. Therefore, it is important to maintain satisfaction and trust in the community including the beneficiaries who will become muzakki in the future.

E. Conclusion

Based on the objectives and analysis used in this study, it can be concluded that:

1. BAZNAS Scholarship Agency has good Communication Service and Scholarship Management with overall 98.19% rate of satisfaction level with the highest score of satisfaction item is using polite language and the lowest score is punctuality of scholarship distribution. BAZNAS Scholarship Agency must improve the scholarship management system, especially in the scholarship distribution time.

2. The highest satisfaction factor score is Empathy.

3. There are no correlation about Gender, Age, and Education Level with Satisfaction Score.

4. It is important to maintain satisfaction and trust in the community including BAZNAS Scholarship Agency's beneficiaries who will become muzakki in the future.

References


Mardiyanti; Purmaningsih, Ninik; and Tjitropranoto, Prabowo. "Effectiveness of the Scholarship Program to Improve Student Achievement (The Case of Grantess Beasutdi Etos at Jabodetabek).” *Jurnal Penyuluhan*, 1, no. 1 (Maret, 2014).


